

CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC358774XBG/TC358775XBG

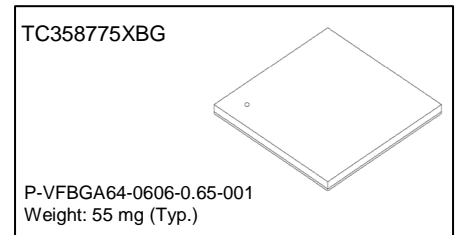
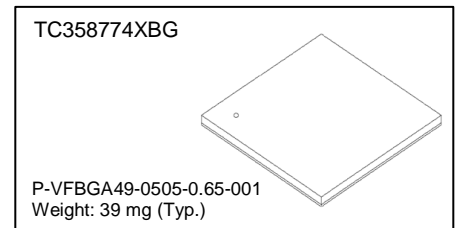
Mobile Peripheral Devices

## Overview

The TC358774XBG/TC358775XBG Functional Specification defines operation of the DSI<sup>SM</sup> to LVDS low power chip (or more abbreviated, TC358775XBG chip). TC358775XBG is the follow-up chip of TC358764XBG/ TC358765XBG, which:

1. Is pin compatible to TC358764XBG/TC358765XBG
2. Exhibit LVDS Tx block operates at 1.8V @135 MHz to reduce operation power
3. Update 4-lane DSI Rx max bit rate @ 1 Gbps/lane to support 1920x1200x24 @60fps
4. Add STBY pin with to enable turning on VDDIO power first before other power supplies.

The primary function of this chip is DSI-to-LVDS Bridge, enabling video streaming output over DSI link to drive LVDS-compatible display panels. The chip supports up to 1600x1200 24-bits per pixel resolution for single-link LVDS and up to WUXGA (1920x1200 24-bits pixels) resolution for dual-link LVDS. As a secondary function, the chip also supports an I<sup>2</sup>C Master which is controlled by the DSI link; this may be used as an interface to any other control functions through I<sup>2</sup>C.



## Features

### • DSI Receiver

- ✧ Configurable 1- up to 4-Data-Lane DSI Link with bi-directional support on Data Lane 0
- ✧ Maximum bit rate of 1 Gbps/lane
- ✧ Video input data formats:
  - RGB565 16-bits per pixel
  - RGB666 18-bits per pixel
  - RGB666 loosely packed 24-bits per pixel
  - RGB888 24-bits per pixel
- ✧ Video frame size:
  - Up to 1600x1200 24-bits per pixel resolution to single-link LVDS display panel, limited by 135 MHz LVDS speed
  - Up to WUXGA resolutions (1920x1200 24-bits pixels) to dual-link LVDS display panel, limited by 4 Gbps DSI link speed
- ✧ Supports Video Stream packets for video data transmission.
- ✧ Supports generic long packets for accessing the chip's register set
- ✧ Supports the path for Host to control the on-chip I<sup>2</sup>C Master

### • LVDS FPD Link Transmitter

- ✧ Supports single-link or dual-link
- ✧ Maximum pixel clock frequency of 135 MHz.
- ✧ Maximum pixel clock speed of 135 MHz for single-link or 270 MHz for dual-link

- ✧ Supports display up to 1600x1200 24-bits per pixel resolution for single-link, or up to 1920x1200 24-bits resolutions for dual-link
- ✧ Supports the following pixel formats:
  - RGB666 18-bits per pixel
  - RGB888 24-bits per pixel
- ✧ Features Toshiba Magic Square algorithm which enables a RGB666 display panel to produce a display quality almost equivalent to that of an RGB888 24-bits panel
- ✧ Flexible mapping of parallel data input bit ordering
- ✧ Supports programmable clock polarity
- ✧ Supports two power saving states
  - Sleep state, when receiving DSI ULPS signaling
  - Standby state, entered by STBY pin assertion

### • System Operation

- ✧ Host configures the chip through DSI link
- ✧ Through DSI link, Host accesses the chip register set using Generic Write and Read packets. One Generic Long Write packet can write to multiple contiguous register addresses
- ✧ Includes an I<sup>2</sup>C Master function which is controlled by Host through DSI link (multi-master is not supported)
- ✧ Power management features to save power
- ✧ Configuration registers is also accessible through I<sup>2</sup>C Slave interface

## ● Clock Source

- ◇ LVDS pixel clock source is either from external clock EXTCLK or derived from DSICLK.
- ◇ A built-in PLL generates the high-speed LVDS serializing clock requiring no external components

## ● Digital Input/Output Signals

- ◇ All Digital Input signals are 3.3V tolerant
- ◇ All Digital Output signals can output ranging from 1.8V to 3.3V depending on IO supply voltage

## ● Power supply

- ◇ MIPI® DSI D-PHY<sup>SM</sup>: 1.2 V
- ◇ LVDS PHY: 1.8 V
- ◇ I/O: 1.8 V - 3.3V (all IO supply pins must be same level)
- ◇ Digital Core: 1.2 V

## ● Power Consumption

- ◇ Power Down State is achieved by:
  1. Reset asserted
  2. EXTCLK not toggling
  3. STBY = 0
  4. DSI in ULPS Drive

## ● Packaging Information

- ◇ BGA64 (0.65mm ball pitch)
  - Supports DSI-RX 4-data-lanes + Dual-Link LVDS-TX
  - 6.0mm × 6.0mm × 1.0mm
- ◇ BGA49 (0.65mm ball pitch)
  - Supports DSI-RX 4-data-lanes + Single-Link LVDS-TX
  - 5.0mm × 5.0mm × 1.0mm

---

## Table of content

REFERENCE .....	7
1. Introduction.....	9
1.1. Scope.....	9
1.2. Purpose .....	9
2. Device Overview .....	10
3. Features .....	11
4. Pin Layout .....	13
4.1. TC358775XBG BGA64 Pin-out Description.....	14
4.2. TC358775XBG BGA64 Pin Count Summary.....	15
4.3. TC358774XBG BGA49 Pin-out Description.....	16
4.4. TC358774XBG BGA49 Pin Count Summary.....	17
5. Package .....	18
6. Electrical characteristics.....	20
6.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings.....	20
6.2. Operating Conditions.....	20
6.3. DC Electrical Specification .....	21
6.3.1. Normal CMOS I/Os DC Specifications .....	21
6.3.2. DSI Differential I/Os DC Specifications.....	21
6.3.2.1 LP Transmitter.....	21
6.3.2.2 HS Receiver .....	22
6.3.2.3 LP Receiver.....	22
6.3.3. LVDS Transmitter DC Specifications.....	22
7. Revision History .....	23
RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE.....	24

## Table of Figures

Figure 4.1	TC358775XBG Chip Pin Layout (BGA64 – Top View) .....	13
Figure 4.2	TC358774XBG Chip Pin Layout (BGA49 – Top View) .....	13
Figure 5.1	P-VFBGA64-0606-0.65-001 (TC358775XBG) Package Drawing.....	18
Figure 5.2	P-VFBGA49-0505-0.65-001 (TC358774XBG) Package Drawing.....	19

## List of Tables

Table 4-1	TC358775XBG BGA64 Pin Count Summary .....	15
Table 4-2	BGA49 Pin Count Summary .....	17
Table 5-1	Information Summary.....	19
Table 6-1	Absolute Maximum Ratings .....	20
Table 6-2	Operating Conditions .....	20
Table 6-3	Normal CMOS IOs DC Specifications .....	21
Table 6-4	DSI LP Transmitter DC Specifications.....	21
Table 6-5	DSI HS Receiver DC Specifications .....	22
Table 6-6	DSI LP Receiver DC Specifications.....	22
Table 6-7	LVDS Transmitter DC Specifications.....	22
Table 7-1	Revision History .....	23

- MIPI® is a registered service mark of MIPI Alliance, Inc. DSI<sup>SM</sup>, DPI<sup>SM</sup> and D-PHY<sup>SM</sup> are service marks of MIPI Alliance, Inc.
- Other company names, product names, and service names may be trademarks of their respective companies.

Copyright © 2005-2010 MIPI Alliance, Inc. All rights reserved.

All rights reserved. This material is reprinted with the permission of the MIPI Alliance, Inc. No part(s) of this document may be disclosed, reproduced or used for any purpose other than as needed to support the use of the products of Toshiba Cooperation and its subsidiaries and its affiliates

**1 NOTICE OF DISCLAIMER**

2 The material contained herein is not a license, either expressly or impliedly, to any IPR owned or controlled  
3 by any of the authors or developers of this material or MIPI. The material contained herein is provided on  
4 an "AS IS" basis and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, this material is provided AS IS  
5 AND WITH ALL FAULTS, and the authors and developers of this material and MIPI hereby disclaim all  
6 other warranties and conditions, either express, implied or statutory, including, but not limited to, any (if  
7 any) implied warranties, duties or conditions of merchantability, of fitness for a particular purpose, of  
8 accuracy or completeness of responses, of results, of workmanlike effort, of lack of viruses, and of lack of  
9 negligence.

10 All materials contained herein are protected by copyright laws, and may not be reproduced, republished,  
11 distributed, transmitted, displayed, broadcast or otherwise exploited in any manner without the express  
12 prior written permission of MIPI Alliance. MIPI, MIPI Alliance and the dotted rainbow arch and all related  
13 trademarks, tradenames, and other intellectual property are the exclusive property of MIPI Alliance and  
14 cannot be used without its express prior written permission.

15 ALSO, THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF CONDITION OF TITLE, QUIET ENJOYMENT, QUIET  
16 POSSESSION, CORRESPONDENCE TO DESCRIPTION OR NON-INFRINGEMENT WITH REGARD  
17 TO THIS MATERIAL OR THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT. IN NO EVENT WILL ANY  
18 AUTHOR OR DEVELOPER OF THIS MATERIAL OR THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT OR  
19 MIPI BE LIABLE TO ANY OTHER PARTY FOR THE COST OF PROCURING SUBSTITUTE  
20 GOODS OR SERVICES, LOST PROFITS, LOSS OF USE, LOSS OF DATA, OR ANY INCIDENTAL,  
21 CONSEQUENTIAL, DIRECT, INDIRECT, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES WHETHER UNDER  
22 CONTRACT, TORT, WARRANTY, OR OTHERWISE, ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THIS OR  
23 ANY OTHER AGREEMENT, SPECIFICATION OR DOCUMENT RELATING TO THIS MATERIAL,  
24 WHETHER OR NOT SUCH PARTY HAD ADVANCE NOTICE OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH  
25 DAMAGES.

26 Without limiting the generality of this Disclaimer stated above, the user of the contents of this Document is  
27 further notified that MIPI: (a) does not evaluate, test or verify the accuracy, soundness or credibility of the  
28 contents of this Document; (b) does not monitor or enforce compliance with the contents of this Document;  
29 and (c) does not certify, test, or in any manner investigate products or services or any claims of compliance  
30 with the contents of this Document. The use or implementation of the contents of this Document may  
31 involve or require the use of intellectual property rights ("IPR") including (but not limited to) patents,  
32 patent applications, or copyrights owned by one or more parties, whether or not Members of MIPI. MIPI  
33 does not make any search or investigation for IPR, nor does MIPI require or request the disclosure of any  
34 IPR or claims of IPR as respects the contents of this Document or otherwise.

35 Questions pertaining to this document, or the terms or conditions of its provision, should be addressed to:

36 MIPI Alliance, Inc.  
37 c/o IEEE-ISTO  
38 445 Hoes Lane  
39 Piscataway, NJ 08854  
40 Attn: Board Secretary

This Notice of Disclaimer applies to all DSI input and processing paths related descriptions throughout this document.

## REFERENCE

1. MIPI D-PHY, "MIPI\_D-PHY\_specification\_v01-00-00, May 14, 2009"
2. MIPI Alliance Specification for DSI version 1.01, Feb 2008
3. MIPI Alliance Specification for DPI version 2.0, Sep, 2005

## Precautions and Usage Considerations Specific to Application Specific Standard Products and General-Purpose Linear Ics

### 1. CAUTION

Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.

- a. If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. For details on how to connect a protection circuit such as a current limiting resistor or back electromotive force adsorption diode, refer to individual IC datasheets or the IC databook. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
- b. Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
- c. Carefully select external components (such as inputs and negative feedback capacitors) and load components (such as speakers), for example, power amp and regulator. If there is a large amount of leakage current such as input or negative feedback condenser, the IC output DC voltage will increase. If this output voltage is connected to a speaker with low input withstand voltage, overcurrent or IC failure can cause smoke or ignition. (The over current can cause smoke or ignition from the IC itself.) In particular, please pay attention when using a Bridge Tied Load (BTL) connection type IC that inputs output DC voltage to a speaker directly.

### 2. Over current Protection Circuit

Over current protection circuits (referred to as current limiter circuits) do not necessarily protect ICs under all circumstances. If the Over current protection circuits operate against the over current, clear the over current status immediately.

Depending on the method of use and usage conditions, such as exceeding absolute maximum ratings can cause the over current protection circuit to not operate properly or IC breakdown before operation. In addition, depending on the method of use and usage conditions, if over current continues to flow for a long time after operation, the IC may generate heat resulting in breakdown.

### 3. Thermal Shutdown Circuit

Thermal shutdown circuits do not necessarily protect ICs under all circumstances. If the Thermal shutdown circuits operate against the over temperature, clear the heat generation status immediately.

Depending on the method of use and usage conditions, such as exceeding absolute maximum ratings can cause the thermal shutdown circuit to not operate properly or IC breakdown before operation.

### 4. Heat Radiation Design

When using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature ( $T_j$ ) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

#### a. Mounting

### 5. Installation to Heat Sink

Please install the power IC to the heat sink not to apply excessive mechanical stress to the IC. Excessive mechanical stress can lead to package cracks, resulting in a reduction in reliability or breakdown of internal IC chip. In addition, depending on the IC, the use of silicon rubber may be prohibited. Check whether the use of silicon rubber is prohibited for the IC you intend to use, or not. For details of power IC heat radiation design and heat sink installation, refer to individual technical datasheets or IC databooks.

- a. Also please refer to "RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE".



## 1. Introduction

The TC358774XBG/TC358775XBG Functional Specification defines operation of the DSI TO LVDS low power chip (or more abbreviated, TC358775XBG chip). TC358775XBG is the follow-up chip of TC358764XBG/ TC358765XBG, which:

1. Is pin compatible to TC358764XBG/TC358765XBG
2. Exhibit LVDS Tx block operates at 1.8V @135 MHz to reduce operation power
3. Update 4-lane DSI Rx max bit rate @ 1 Gbps/lane to support 1920 × 1200 × 24 @60fps
4. Add STBY pin with to enable turning on VDDIO power first before other power supplies.

The primary function of this chip is DSI-to-LVDS Bridge, enabling video streaming output over DSI link to drive LVDS-compatible display panels. The chip supports up to 1600×1200 24-bits per pixel resolution for single-link LVDS and up to WUXGA (1920×1200 24-bits pixels) resolution for dual-link LVDS. As a secondary function, the chip also supports an I<sup>2</sup>C Master which is controlled by the DSI link; this may be used as an interface to any other control functions through I<sup>2</sup>C.

The chip can be configured through the DSI link by sending write register commands through DSI Generic Long Write-packets. It can also be configured through the I<sup>2</sup>C Slave interface. I<sup>2</sup>C slave address of TC358774XBG/TC358775XBG is 8'b0001\_111X, where X = 0/1 for write/read to/from TC358775XBG operation.

This specification provides description of two product versions:

TC358774XBG:

In BGA49 package, it supports DSI-RX with up to 4 data lanes, and outputs to Single-Link LVDS.

TC358775XBG:

In BGA64 package, it supports DSI-RX with up to 4 data lanes, and outputs to Dual-Link LVDS.

### 1.1. Scope

This document details the operation of the chip, description of each major function that the chip supports, description of the configuration register set, and includes pinout, package, and electrical characteristics information.

### 1.2. Purpose

This document serves as the vehicle for exchanging detailed technical information of the TC358774XBG/TC358775XBG chip and its usage within the target application systems at the customer side. It also serves as the chip functional specification for design implementation and verification.

## 2. Device Overview

The TC358774XBG/TC358775XBG chip functions primarily as a DSI-to-LVDS communication protocol bridge, enabling video streaming from a Host processor over DSI link to drive LVDS-compatible display panels. In other words, the chip receives video stream input through its DSI receiver (DSI-RX), buffers the received pixel data in a buffer, and then re-transmits the video stream out through the LVDS transmitter.

As a secondary function, the chip also ports an I<sup>2</sup>C Master which is controlled by the DSI link; this may be used as a programming interface to other peripherals in the system.

The chip is configured through the DSI link. Alternatively, it can optionally be configured through the I<sup>2</sup>C Slave interface; in such case, the I<sup>2</sup>C Master function would be disabled.

The reference video pixel clock for the LVDS link is sourced either from an external clock via input pin EXTCLK or derived from DSICLK. The chip integrates a PLL which synthesizes the high-speed clock for use solely to serialize video data over the LVDS link.

The DSI-RX receiver supports from 1- to 4-Lane configurations at bit rate up to 1 Gbps per lane. Host can transmit video in video mode. In video mode, Host controls video timing by sending video frame and line sync events together with video pixel data; video data transmission can be burst or non-burst. Since the chip integrates only 1024-pixel of video buffer, Host still has to take care of transmitting pixel data at appropriate video line time in order to avoid buffer overflow (or underflow).

The LVDS transmitter supports a clock frequency of up to 135 MHz for either single- or dual-link.

The chip supports power management to conserve power when its functions are not in use. Host manages the chip's power consumption states by using ULPS signaling over DSI link and/or STBY pin.

### 3. Features

#### • DSI Receiver

- ✧ Configurable 1- up to 4-Data-Lane DSI Link with bi-directional support on Data Lane 0
- ✧ Maximum bit rate of 1 Gbps/lane
- ✧ Video input data formats:
  - RGB565 16-bits per pixel
  - RGB666 18-bits per pixel
  - RGB666 loosely packed 24-bits per pixel
  - RGB888 24-bits per pixel
- ✧ Video frame size:
  - Up to 1600×1200 24-bits per pixel resolution to single-link LVDS display panel, limited by 135 MHz LVDS speed
  - Up to WUXGA resolutions (1920×1200 24-bits pixels) to dual-link LVDS display panel, limited by 4 Gbps DSI link speed
- ✧ Supports Video Stream packets for video data transmission
- ✧ Supports generic long packets for accessing the chip's register set
- ✧ Supports the path for Host to control the on-chip I<sup>2</sup>C Master

#### • LVDS FPD Link Transmitter

- ✧ Supports single-link or dual-link
- ✧ Maximum pixel clock frequency of 135 MHz.
- ✧ Maximum pixel clock speed of 135 MHz for single-link or 270 MHz for dual-link
- ✧ Supports display up to 1600×1200 24-bits per pixel resolution for single-link, or up to 1920×1200 24-bits resolutions for dual-link
- ✧ Supports the following pixel formats:
  - RGB666 18-bits per pixel
  - RGB888 24-bits per pixel
- ✧ Features Toshiba Magic Square algorithm which enables a RGB666 display panel to produce a display quality almost equivalent to that of an RGB888 24-bits panel
- ✧ Flexible mapping of parallel data input bit ordering
- ✧ Supports programmable clock polarity
- ✧ Supports two power saving states
  - Sleep state, when receiving DSI ULPS signaling
  - Standby state, entered by STBY pin assertion

#### • System Operation

- ✧ Host configures the chip through DSI link.
- ✧ Through DSI link, Host accesses the chip register set using Generic Write and Read packets. One Generic Long Write packet can write to multiple contiguous register addresses.
- ✧ Includes an I<sup>2</sup>C Master function which is controlled by Host through DSI link (multi-master is not supported)
- ✧ Power management features to save power
- ✧ Configuration registers is also accessible through I<sup>2</sup>C Slave interface.

#### • Clock Source

- ✧ LVDS pixel clock source is either from external clock EXTCLK or derived from DSICLK.
- ✧ A built-in PLL generates the high-speed LVDS serializing clock requiring no external components

#### • Digital Input/Output Signals

- ✧ All Digital Input signals are 3.3V tolerant.
- ✧ All Digital Output signals can output ranging from 1.8V to 3.3V depending on IO supply voltage.

● **Power supply**

- ✧ MIPI DSI D-PHY: 1.2 V
- ✧ LVDS PHY: 1.8 V
- ✧ I/O: 1.8 V - 3.3V (all IO supply pins must be same level)
- ✧ Digital Core: 1.2 V

● **Power Consumption**

- ✧ Power Down State is achieved by:
  1. Reset asserted
  2. EXTCLK not toggling
  3. STBY = 0
  4. DSI in ULPS Drive

Reduced Mode							
	VDDC	VDDS	DSI	LVDS		TOTAL Power	Unit
	VDDC	VDDIO	VDD1	LVDS1.2	LVDS1.8		
	1.2	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.8		
<b>720x480x18 @26 MHz</b>	8.60	0.11	8.40	3.60	10.00		mA
	10.32	0.20	10.08	4.32	18.00	42.92	mW
<b>1366x768x18 @85 MHz</b>	17.2	0.13	14.6	8.3	11.1		mA
	20.64	0.23	17.52	9.96	19.98	68.33	mW
<b>1920x1080x18 Dual Link @74MHz</b>	18.57	0.092	19.77	8.123	22.4		mA
	22.28	0.17	23.72	9.75	40.32	96.24	mW
<b>Power Down</b>	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02		mA
	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.09	mW

● **Packaging Information**

- ✧ BGA64 (0.65 mm ball pitch)
  - Supports DSI-RX 4-data-lanes + Dual-Link LVDS-TX
  - 6.0 mm x 6.0 mm x 1.0 mm
- ✧ BGA49 (0.65 mm ball pitch)
  - Supports DSI-RX 4-data-lanes + Single-Link LVDS-TX
  - 5.0 mm x 5.0 mm x 1.0 mm

## 4. Pin Layout

A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8
VSS_LVDS2_12	LVTX2AN	LVTX2BN	LVTX2CN	LVTX2DN	LVTX2EN	VSS_LVDS2_18	VSS_LVDS1_12
B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8
VDD_LVDS2_12	LVTX2AP	LVTX2BP	LVTX2CP	LVTX2DP	LVTX2EP	VDD_LVDS2_18	VDD_LVDS1_12
C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8
VSSIO	VDDIO	STBY	GPIO3	VDD_LVDS2_18	VSS_LVDS2_18	LVTX1AP	LVTX1AN
D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8
EXTCLK	GPIO2	GPIO1	RESX	TM	VDD_LVDS1_18	LVTX1BP	LVTX1BN
E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8
VSSC	VDDC	GPIO0	VDDC	VSSC	VSS_LVDS1_18	LVTX1CP	LVTX1CN
F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8
VSSIO	VDDIO	VDD_MIPI	VSS_MIPI	VSS_MIPI	VDD_MIPI	LVTX1DP	LVTX1DN
G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	G8
I2C_SCL	DSRXD0P	DSRXD1P	DSRXCP	DSRXD2P	DSRXD3P	LVTX1EP	LVTX1EN
H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6	H7	H8
I2C_SDA	DSRXD0M	DSRXD1M	DSRXCM	DSRXD2M	DSRXD3M	VDD_LVDS1_18	VSS_LVDS1_18

Figure 4.1 TC358775XBG Chip Pin Layout (BGA64 – Top View)

A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7
VSSIO	VDDIO	RESX	GPIO0	VSSC	VDDC	VSSC
B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7
EXTCLK	VDDC	VSSC	TM	VDD_LVDS1_12	LVTX1AP	LVTX1AN
C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7
I2C_SDA	GPIO3	GPIO2	GPIO1	VSS_LVDS1_12	LVTX1BP	LVTX1BN
D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7
I2C_SCL	STBY	VSS_MIPI	VDD_MIPI	VSS_LVDS1_18	LVTX1CP	LVTX1CN
E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7
VDDIO	VSSIO	VSS_MIPI	VDD_MIPI	VDD_LVDS1_18	LVTX1DP	LVTX1DN
F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7
DSRXD0P	DSRXD1P	DSRXCP	DSRXD2P	DSRXD3P	LVTX1EP	LVTX1EN
G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7
DSRXD0M	DSRXD1M	DSRXCM	DSRXD2M	DSRXD3M	VDD_LVDS1_18	VSS_LVDS1_18

Figure 4.2 TC358774XBG Chip Pin Layout (BGA49 – Top View)

## 4.1. TC358775XBG BGA64 Pin-out Description

Group	Pin Name	IO Type	Pin Cnt.	Description	Power Supply Voltage
DSI-RX IF	DSRXCP	DSI-PHY	1	DSI clock signal - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXCM	DSI-PHY	1	DSI clock signal - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD0P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 0 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD0M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 0 - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD1P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 1 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD1M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 1 - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD2P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 2 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD2M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 2 - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD3P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 3 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD3M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 3 - negative	1.2 V
	VDD_MIPI	Power	2	MIPI Analog Power Supply	1.2 V
	VSS_MIPI	Ground	2	MIPI Analog Ground	GND
1 <sup>st</sup> -Link LVDS-TX IF	LVTX1AP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel A - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1AN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel A - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1BP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel B - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1BN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel B - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1CP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel C - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1CN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel C - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1DP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel D (Clock) - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1DN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel D (Clock) - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1EP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel E - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1EN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel E - negative	1.8 V
	VDD_LVDS1_18	Power	2	First-link LVDS 1.8V Power Supply	1.8 V
	VSS_LVDS1_18	Ground	2	First-link LVDS 1.8V Ground	GND
VDD_LVDS1_12	Power	1	First-link LVDS 1.2V Power Supply	1.2 V	
VSS_LVDS1_12	Ground	1	First-link LVDS 1.2V Ground	GND	
2 <sup>nd</sup> -Link LVDS-TX IF	LVTX2AP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel A - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX2AN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel A - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX2BP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel B - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX2BN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel B - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX2CP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel C - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX2CN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel C - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX2DP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel D (Clock) - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX2DN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel D (Clock) -negative	1.8 V
	LVTX2EP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel E - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX2EN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS second-link data channel E - negative	1.8 V
	VDD_LVDS2_18	Power	2	Second-link LVDS 1.8V Power Supply	1.8 V
	VSS_LVDS2_18	Ground	2	Second-link LVDS 1.8V Ground	GND
	VDD_LVDS2_12	Power	1	Second-link LVDS 1.2V Power Supply	1.2 V
	VSS_LVDS2_12	Ground	1	Second-link LVDS 1.2V Ground	GND
I2C IF	I2C_SCL	S-OD	1	I <sup>2</sup> C Master or Slave interface clock signal	1.8V - 3.3V
	I2C_SDA	S-OD	1	I <sup>2</sup> C Master or Slave interface data signal	1.8V - 3.3V
GPIO	GPIO[3:0]	N	4	GPIO bits 3-0	1.8V - 3.3V
SYSTEM	RESX	N	1	Hardware reset, low active	1.8V - 3.3V
	EXTCLK	N	1	External pixel clock source	1.8V - 3.3V
	STBY	N	1	Standby pin, low active	1.8V - 3.3V
	TM	N	1	Test mode select	1.8V - 3.3V
	VDDIO	Power	2	IO Power Supply	1.8V - 3.3V
	VSSIO	Ground	2	IO Ground	GND
	VDDC	Power	2	Digital Core Power Supply	1.2 V
	VSSC	Ground	2	Digital Core Ground	GND

**Buffer Type Abbreviation:**

- N: Normal IO
- S-OD: Pseudo open-drain output, schmitt input
- SCHMITT: Fail Safe schmitt input buffer
- DSI-PHY: front-end analog IO for DSI
- LVDS-PHY: front-end analog IO for LVDS
- A: Analog pad

## 4.2. TC358775XBG BGA64 Pin Count Summary

**Table 4-1 TC358775XBG BGA64 Pin Count Summary**

Group Name	Pin Count	Note
DSI-RX IF	14	Include DSI Power & Ground
1 <sup>st</sup> -Link/2 <sup>nd</sup> Link LVDS-TX IF	32	Include LVDS Power & Ground
I <sup>2</sup> C IF	2	-
GPIO	4	-
SYSTEM	12	-
<b>Total Pin Count</b>	<b>64</b>	

## 4.3. TC358774XBG BGA49 Pin-out Description

Group	Pin Name	IO Type	Pin Cnt.	Description	Power Supply Voltage
DSI-RX IF	DSRXCP	DSI-PHY	1	DSI clock signal - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXCM	DSI-PHY	1	DSI clock signal - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD0P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 0 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD0M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 0 - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD1P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 1 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD1M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 1 - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD2P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 2 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD2M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 2 - negative	1.2 V
	DSRXD3P	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 3 - positive	1.2 V
	DSRXD3M	DSI-PHY	1	DSI data lane 3 - negative	1.2 V
	VDD_MIPI	Power	2	MIPI Analog Power Supply	1.2 V
VSS_MIPI	Ground	2	MIPI Analog Ground	GND	
LVDS-TX IF	LVTX1AP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel A - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1AN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel A - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1BP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel B - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1BN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel B - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1CP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel C - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1CN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel C - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1DP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel D (Clock) - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1DN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel D (Clock) - negative	1.8 V
	LVTX1EP	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel E - positive	1.8 V
	LVTX1EN	LVDS-PHY	1	LVDS first-link data channel E - negative	1.8 V
	VDD_LVDS1_18	Power	2	First-link LVDS 1.8V Power Supply	1.8 V
	VSS_LVDS1_18	Ground	2	First-link LVDS 1.8V Ground	GND
	VDD_LVDS1_12	Power	1	First-link LVDS 1.2V Power Supply	1.2 V
	VSS_LVDS1_12	Ground	1	First-link LVDS 1.2V Ground	GND
I2C IF	I2C_SCL	S-OD	1	I <sup>2</sup> C Master or Slave interface clock signal	1.8V - 3.3V
	I2C_SDA	S-OD	1	I <sup>2</sup> C Master or Slave interface data signal	1.8V - 3.3V
GPIO	GPIO[3:0]	N	4	GPIO bits 3-0	1.8V - 3.3V
SYSTEM	RESX	N	1	Hardware reset, low active	1.8V - 3.3V
	EXTCLK	N	1	External pixel clock source	1.8V - 3.3V
	STBY	N	1	Standby pin, low active	1.8V - 3.3V
	TM	N	1	Test mode select	1.8V - 3.3V
	VDDIO	Power	2	IO Power Supply	1.8V - 3.3V
	VSSIO	Ground	2	IO Ground	GND
	VDDC	Power	2	Digital Core Power Supply	1.2 V
	VSSC	Ground	3	Digital Core Ground	GND

### Buffer Type Abbreviation:

- N: Normal IO
- S-OD: Pseudo open-drain output, schmitt input
- SCHMITT: Fail Safe schmitt input buffer
- DSI-PHY: front-end analog IO for DSI
- LVDS-PHY: front-end analog IO for LVDS
- A: Analog pad



#### 4.4. TC358774XBG BGA49 Pin Count Summary

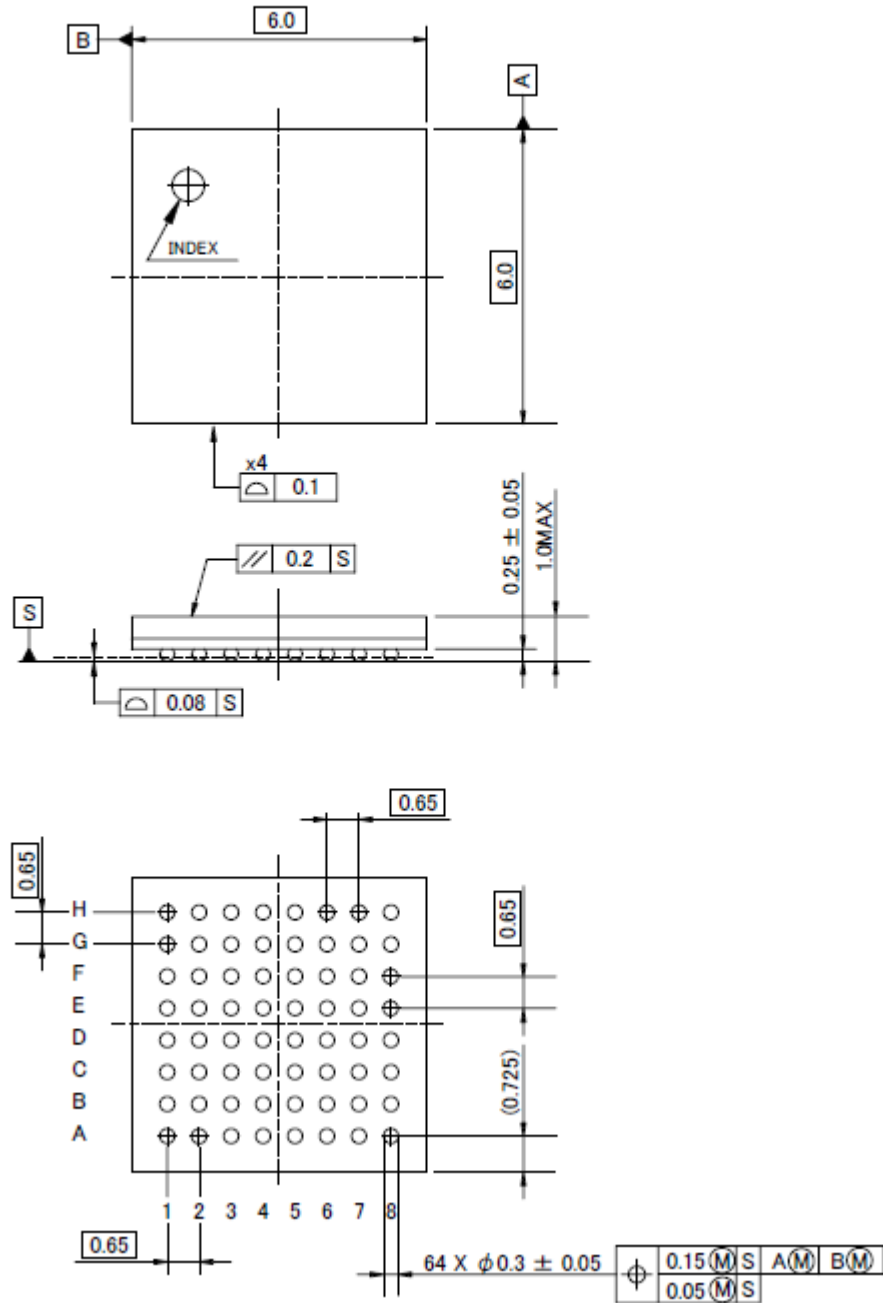
Table 4-2 BGA49 Pin Count Summary

Group Name	Pin Count	Note
DSI-RX IF	14	Include DSI Power & Ground
LVDS-TX IF	16	Include LVDS Power & Ground
I <sup>2</sup> C IF	2	-
GPIO	4	-
SYSTEM	13	-
<b>Total Pin Count</b>	<b>49</b>	

**5. Package**

P-VFBGA64-0606-0.65-001

"Unit : mm"

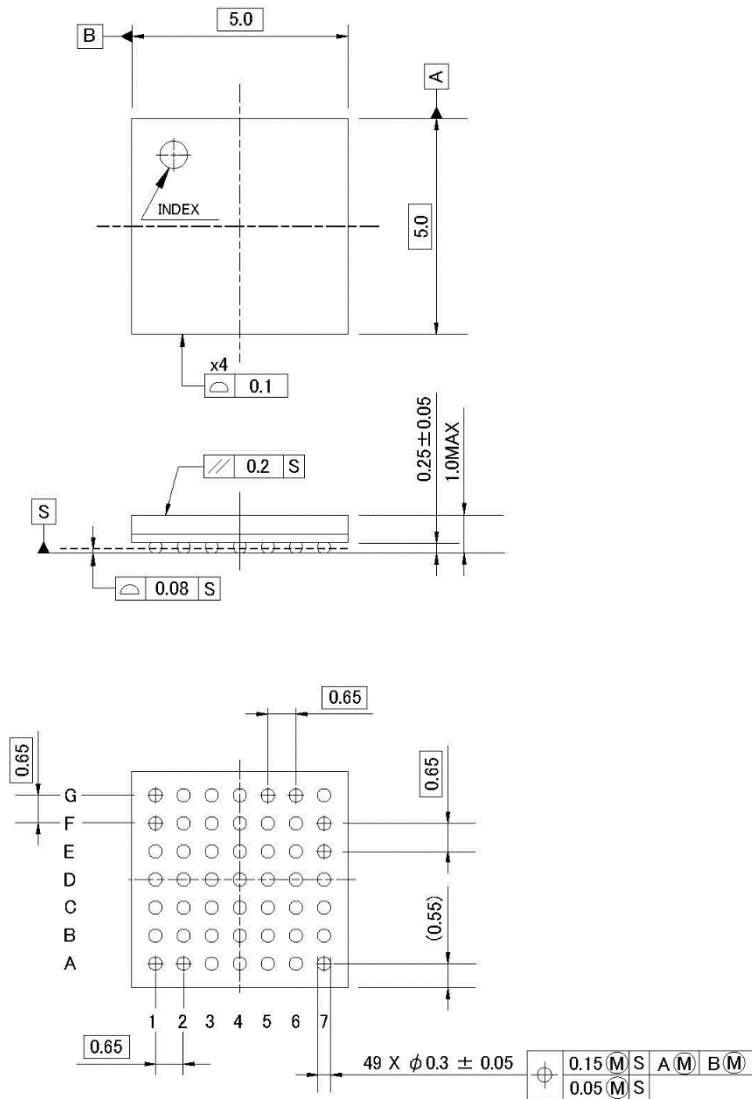


Weight: 55 mg (Typ.)

**Figure 5.1 P-VFBGA64-0606-0.65-001 (TC358775XBG) Package Drawing**

P-VFBGA49-0505-0.65-001

“ Unit: mm “



Weight: 39mg (Typ.)

Figure 5.2 P-VFBGA49-0505-0.65-001 (TC358774XBG) Package Drawing

Table 5-1 Information Summary

	TC358775XBG Package	TC358774XBG Package
Package Type	VFBGA	VFBGA
Ball Diameter	0.3 mm	0.3 mm
Ball Pitch (e)	0.65 mm	0.65 mm
Edge Ball center to center (E1 x D1)	4.55 mm x 4.55 mm	3.90 mm x 3.90 mm
Body Size (E x D)	6 mm x 6 mm	5 mm x 5 mm
Thickness (A)	1 mm	1 mm

## 6. Electrical characteristics

### 6.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating ambient Temperature range:  $T_a = -30^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to network ground terminal.

**Table 6-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage (1.8V – Digital IO)	VDDIO	-0.3 to +3.9	V
Supply voltage (1.2V – Digital Core)	VDDC	-0.3 to +1.8	V
Supply voltage (1.2V – MIPI DSI PHY)	VDD_MIPI	-0.3 to +1.8	V
Supply voltage (1.8V – LVDS PHY)	VDD_LVDS1_18, VDD_LVDS2_18	-0.3 to +LVDS_18+0.3	V
Supply voltage (1.2V – LVDS PHY)	VDD_LVDS1_12 VDD_LVDS2_12	-0.3 to +1.8	V
Input voltage (DSI I/O)	$V_{IN\_DSI}$	-0.3 to VDD_MIPI+0.3	V
Output voltage (DSI I/O)	$V_{OUT\_DSI}$	-0.3 to VDD_MIPI+0.3	V
Input voltage (Digital IO)	$V_{IN\_IO}$	-0.3 to VDDIO+0.3	V
Output voltage (Digital IO)	$V_{OUT\_IO}$	-0.3 to VDDIO+0.3	V
Output voltage (LVDS Driver)	$V_{OUT\_LVDS}$	-0.3 to VDD_LVDS_18+0.3	V

### 6.2. Operating Conditions

**Table 6-2 Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage (1.8V – Digital IO)	VDDIO	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
Supply voltage (3.3V – Digital IO)	VDDIO	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Supply voltage (1.2V – Digital Core)	VDDC	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Supply voltage (1.2V – LVDS PHY)	VDD_LVDS_12	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Supply voltage (1.8V – LVDS PHY)	VDD_LVDS_18	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
Supply voltage (1.2V – MIPI-DSI PHY)	VDD_MIPI	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Operating temperature (ambient temperature with voltage applied)	$T_a$	-30	+25	+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## 6.3. DC Electrical Specification

All typical values are at normal operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

### 6.3.1. Normal CMOS I/Os DC Specifications

Table 6-3 Normal CMOS IOs DC Specifications

Parameter – CMOS I/Os	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input voltage, High level Input Note1	$V_{IH}$	-	0.7 VDDIO	-	VDDIO	V
Input voltage, Low level Input Note1	$V_{IL}$	-	0	-	0.3 VDDIO	V
Input voltage High level CMOS Schmitt Trigger Note 1, 2	$V_{IHS}$	-	0.7 VDDIO	-	VDDIO	V
Input voltage Low level CMOS Schmitt Trigger Note 1, 2	$V_{ILS}$	-	0	-	0.3 VDDIO	V
Output voltage, Low level Note1, 2	$V_{OL}$	$I_{OL} = 2mA$	0	-	0.2 VDDIO	V
Input leakage current, High level on Normal pin	$I_{ILH1}$ (Note3)	$V_{IN} = +VDDIO, VDDIO = 3.6V$	-10	-	10	$\mu A$
Input leakage current, High level on Pull-down I/O pin	$I_{ILH2}$ (Note3)	$V_{IN} = +VDDIO, VDDIO = 3.6V$	-	-	100	$\mu A$
Input leakage current, Low level On Normal pin or Pull-down I/O pin	$I_{ILL1}$ (Note4)	$V_{IN} = 0V, VDDIO = 3.6V$	-10	-	10	$\mu A$
Input leakage current, Low level On Pull-up I/O pin	$I_{ILL2}$ (Note4)	$V_{IN} = 0V, VDDIO = 3.6V$	-	-	-200	$\mu A$

Note1: Each power source is operating within recommended operating condition.

Note2: Current output value is specified to each IO buffer individually. Output voltage changes with output current value.

Note3: Normal I/O pin applied VDDIO supply voltage to  $V_{IN}$  (input voltage).

Note4: Normal pin, or Pull-down I/O pin applied VSSIO (0V) to  $V_{IN}$  (input voltage).

### 6.3.2. DSI Differential I/Os DC Specifications

#### 6.3.2.1 LP Transmitter

The low power transmitter is used for driving the lines in all low-power operating modes. The DC characteristics of the LP transmitter are given below.

Table 6-4 DSI LP Transmitter DC Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Thevenin output low level	$V_{OL}$	-50	-	50	mV
Output impedance of the LP transmitter	$Z_{OLP}$	110	-	-	$\Omega$

### 6.3.2.2 HS Receiver

The high-speed receiver is a differential line receiver with a switch able parallel input termination. It is used to receive data during high speed transmission from the host. The DC characteristics of the HS receiver are given below.

**Table 6-5 DSI HS Receiver DC Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Common-mode voltage HS receive mode	$V_{CMRX(DC)}$	70	-	330	mV
Differential input high threshold	$V_{IDTH}$	-	-	70	mV
Differential input low threshold	$V_{IDTL}$	-70	-	-	mV
Single-ended input high voltage	$V_{IHHS}$	-	-	460	mV
Single-ended input low voltage	$V_{ILHS}$	-40	-	-	mV
Single-ended threshold for HS termination enable	$V_{TERM-EN}$	-	-	450	mV
Differential input impedance	$Z_{ID}$	80	100	125	$\Omega$

### 6.3.2.3 LP Receiver

The low-power receiver is used to detect the Low-Power state on each pin. It is used to receive data during low speed transmission from the host. The DC characteristics of the LP receiver are given below.

**Table 6-6 DSI LP Receiver DC Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Logic 1 input voltage	$V_{IH}$	880	-	-	mV
Logic 0 input voltage	$V_{IL}$	-	-	550	mV

### 6.3.3. LVDS Transmitter DC Specifications

**Table 6-7 LVDS Transmitter DC Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Output differential voltage Normal	$ V_{OD} $	RLOAD = 100 $\Omega$ ±1%	150	300	450	mV
Output differential voltage Reduced	$ V_{OD} $	RLOAD = 100 $\Omega$ ±1%	115	180	300	mV
Change in $ V_{OD} $ between “0” and “1”	$\Delta V_{OD}$	RLOAD = 100 $\Omega$ ±1%	-	-	30	mV
Output offset voltage	$V_{OS}$	RLOAD = 100 $\Omega$ ±1%	800	900	1000	mV
Change in $V_{OS}$ between “0” and “1”	$\Delta V_{OS}$	RLOAD = 100 $\Omega$ ±1%	-	-	25	mV
Output current	$I_{sab}$	Driver shorted together	-	-	12	mA
Output current	$I_{sab}, I_{sb}$	Driver shorted to ground	-	-	30	mA

## 7. Revision History

**Table 7-1 Revision History**

<b>Revision</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Description</b>
1.5	2014-04-10	Newly released
1.5.1	2016-02-18	Package name and its drawing is modified. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• TC358774XBG -&gt; P-VFBGA49-0505-0.65-001</li><li>• TC358775XBG -&gt; P-VFBGA64-0606-0.65-001</li></ul>
1.7b	2017-07-01	Added Table number as Table 6-7. Changed header, footer and the last page. Changed corporate name.
1.9	2019-01-18	Modified descriptions of services mark and trademark. Added service marks. Corrected typos. Modified Note numbers in Table 6-3. Corrected weights of TC358774XBG and TC358775XBG. Revised the last page "RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE" and added URL.

## RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

Toshiba Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates are collectively referred to as "TOSHIBA". Hardware, software and systems described in this document are collectively referred to as "Product".

- TOSHIBA reserves the right to make changes to the information in this document and related Product without notice.
- This document and any information herein may not be reproduced without prior written permission from TOSHIBA. Even with TOSHIBA's written permission, reproduction is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration/omission.
- Though TOSHIBA works continually to improve Product's quality and reliability, Product can malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of Product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use the Product, create designs including the Product, or incorporate the Product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions of all relevant TOSHIBA information, including without limitation, this document, the specifications, the data sheets and application notes for Product and the precautions and conditions set forth in the "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" and (b) the instructions for the application with which the Product will be used with or for. Customers are solely responsible for all aspects of their own product design or applications, including but not limited to (a) determining the appropriateness of the use of this Product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample application circuits, or any other referenced documents; and (c) validating all operating parameters for such designs and applications. **TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR CUSTOMERS' PRODUCT DESIGN OR APPLICATIONS.**
- **PRODUCT IS NEITHER INTENDED NOR WARRANTED FOR USE IN EQUIPMENTS OR SYSTEMS THAT REQUIRE EXTRAORDINARILY HIGH LEVELS OF QUALITY AND/OR RELIABILITY, AND/OR A MALFUNCTION OR FAILURE OF WHICH MAY CAUSE LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE, BODILY INJURY, SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND/OR SERIOUS PUBLIC IMPACT ("UNINTENDED USE").** Except for specific applications as expressly stated in this document, Unintended Use includes, without limitation, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, lifesaving and/or life supporting medical equipment, equipment used for automobiles, trains, ships and other transportation, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used to control combustions or explosions, safety devices, elevators and escalators, and devices related to power plant. **IF YOU USE PRODUCT FOR UNINTENDED USE, TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRODUCT.** For details, please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative or contact us via our website.
- Do not disassemble, analyze, reverse-engineer, alter, modify, translate or copy Product, whether in whole or in part.
- Product shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable laws or regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as guidance for Product use. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from the use of Product. No license to any intellectual property right is granted by this document, whether express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise.
- **ABSENT A WRITTEN SIGNED AGREEMENT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THE RELEVANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR PRODUCT, AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY LAW, TOSHIBA (1) ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR LOSS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITIES, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION AND LOSS OF DATA, AND (2) DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS RELATED TO SALE, USE OF PRODUCT, OR INFORMATION, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ACCURACY OF INFORMATION, OR NONINFRINGEMENT.**
- Do not use or otherwise make available Product or related software or technology for any military purposes, including without limitation, for the design, development, use, stockpiling or manufacturing of nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons or missile technology products (mass destruction weapons). Product and related software and technology may be controlled under the applicable export laws and regulations including, without limitation, the Japanese Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law and the U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export and re-export of Product or related software or technology are strictly prohibited except in compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations.
- Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product. Please use Product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. **TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF NONCOMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.**